

Water Science at Work A sampling of USGS activities in eastern North Carolina

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USGS at a glance

 Water Program: hydrologists, biologists, engineers, geologists, chemists, technicians, geographers and statisticians

- Monitor river stage, streamflow, groundwater, precipitation, and water quality
- Unbiased scientific interpretation
- Technical support





Some Current Activities

 Hurricane Irene storm-tide monitoring
 Roanoke River dissolved-oxygen monitoring and modeling
 Nutrient investigations
 Water-supply quality and sustainability



1. Documenting storm tides during Hurricane Irene

- Funding support from FEMA
- Collaboration with other federal and state agencies and universities
- Supplement
 - High water marks
 - River levels and discharge (flow)





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center

USGS Storm-Tide Program Objectives

Provide data for:

- Development of inundation maps
- Calibration/verification of storm-surge models
- Assess performance of topographical or engineered structures



Problem: Need inland storm-tide data

- High water marks provide limited information
- Coastal gages are sparse and vulnerable (USGS and NOAA lost about 35 gages during Katrina)
- Need data across several states, collected consistently





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center

Approach

 Deploy a dense network of mobile, temporary gages in advance of storm

- Retrieve, quality assure, and release the data quickly after storm
- Collaborate to build complementary datasets



Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Qenter

New Sensor Technology

Unvented pressure transducers

- Record temperature and pressure for 8 days at 30 second intervals
- Self-contained
- Inexpensive
- Accurate (+/- 0.05')
- Entire hydrograph—not just peak





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center



Sensor Deployment

- 2-person crews
 Irene: 24 personnel, incl. 10 from GA & MS
- Deploy 24-36 hours prior to landfall
- Strap-on sensors, mark reference points, take pictures, get GPS coordinates
- "Clear out" at 12 hours to landfall





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center

Sensor Recovery

- Retrieve sensors, flag HWMs, tape-down to H₂O, run local levels, download, adjust data for barometric pressure, salinity, and upload to web
- Follow-on GPS crews determine local datum for corrected data adjustment





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center





Neuse River at New Bern SSS





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science @enter





Source: J. Curtis Weaver, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science @enter

Comparison in storm-tide levels...





2. Lower Roanoke River Dissolved-Oxygen Monitoring and Modeling

Objective: provide the data and modeling tools needed to assess the effects of dam operations on Roanoke River flows, floodplain inundation, DO levels in the river, and intrusion of brackish water from Albemarle Sound.



Roanoke River at Roanoke Rapids, NC. Source: USGS.

Funding support: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; Dominion Power; Domtar





Real-Time Water Data for Roanoke Watershed (030101)



Real-time monitoring

- 8 River stage gages
- 1 River discharge gage
- 4 Water-quality sites recording every 15 minutes
 - Water temperature
 Dissolved oxygen
 Specific conductance
 pH







The EFDC 3D model was used to simulate instream flow and floodplain inundation from Roanoke Rapids to Jamesville

> *Source: Ana Garcia, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center*



WASP water-quality model

 Water-quality modeling has been completed to simulate the impact of various watermanagement scenarios on DO concentrations in the lower Roanoke River

Report is in review

Water-quality calibration for Jamesville

Source: Ana Garcia, Hydrologist USGS NC Water Science Center





3. Nutrient investigations

Nutrient source tracking using stable isotopes



- Nutrient trends in the Southeastern U.S.
- Southeastern U.S. map of watershed potential to contribute P from geologic sources
- SPARROW modeling for the Southeast





SPARROW Model Estimates of Nitrogen Delivered to Streams and Coastal Areas in the Pamlico and Bogue Sounds

Which areas contribute the largest amounts of total nitrogen annually:



to the Pamlico and Bogue Sounds?



 Location of monitoring site with nitrogen load estimate, 2002



Water supply quality and sustainability

- Triangle Area long-term, water-supply monitoring project
- Neuse River at Smithfield included in a national source-water assessment
- Onslow County Region groundwater model



Little River Reservoir Durham, NC



For more information

USGS North Carolina Water Science Center <u>http://nc.water.usgs.gov</u>

USGS North Carolina - Information Requests <u>http://nc.water.usgs.gov/about/inforequests.html</u>

USGS Inland Storm-Tide Documentation Program:

http://water.usgs.gov/osw/programs/storm_surge.html

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