

Charting the Course: An Overview of APNEP's Ecosystem-Based Approach to Regional Planning and Environmental Management

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APNEP State of the Sounds Symposium 2011

Atlantic Ocean

EBM Opportunity!

ANEP Fall 2008 Conference New York City



Atlantic Ocean

APNEP's Transition to Ecosystem-Based Management

- A holistic vision and plan that includes a comprehensive description of the Albemarle-Pamlico system and articulation of multiple management objectives.
- A community that has **effective engagement** of policy makers, managers, scientists, & stakeholders.
- A process that includes effective adaptive management to address a changing system.
- A framework that includes appropriate authority, implementation area, management institutions, financial resources, and effective communications.



Gaining "Appropriate Authority" to Undertake EBM

- Presentation to Policy Board (May 2009)
- Theme of Science & Technical Advisory Committee meeting (July 2009)
- Formed EBM Proposal Team (August 2009)
- Proposal to Policy Board (December 2009)



Progress Reports to Policy Board (September 2010, June 2011)

APNEP Implementation Area and Management Institutions





APNEP EBM Transition Team

Policy Board Science & Technical Advisory Committee Citizens Advisory Committee State Planner Federal Planner EBM Tech Transfer Staff





APNEP's Seven Steps to EBM Enlightenment

- Articulate program goals
- Develop system level model for goal attainment
- Assess current management efforts –identify gaps
- Develop management strategy
- Develop monitoring program
- Assess performance
- Manage adaptively



Step 1: Articulate program goals

- Objective Hierarchy Structure
 - Goal-Objective-Management Action-Step (1994)
 - Goal-Subgoal-Objective-Management Action (2008-2010)
 - Goal-Outcome + Strategy-Objective-Action (2011)
- Objectives Hierarchy Content
 - Five Goals, 15 Objectives, 49 Actions (1994)
 - Three goals, 12 Outcomes + 5 Components, 15 Objectives, 58 Actions (2011)



APNEP's CCMP Goals

- A region where human communities are sustained by a functioning ecosystem
- A region where aquatic, wetland, and upland habitats support viable populations of native species
- A region where water quantity and quality maintain ecological integrity



Goal	Environmental Outcome	Outcome Type	Provisional Indicator
1: Human Communities	1A: Waters are safe for personal contact.	Swimming	Beach Action Days/Closings by Water Body Type Sounds, Freshwater River, Lake, Brackish River)
	1B: Designated surface and ground water supplies are safe for human consumption.	Potable Surface Waters	WQ Standard Violations (Surface)
		Potable Groundwaters	Drinking Water Standard Violations (Water-supply Aquifers)
			Nutrient Concentrations in Land Use Categories (Shallow Aquifer)
	1C: Surface hydrologic regimes sustain regulated human uses.	Water Supply	Flows, Severity, Frequency, Duratio of Droughts & Floods
	1D: Fish and game are safe for human consumption.	Edible Harvest	Fish Consumption Advisories
			Shellfish (& Swimming) Area Closures
	1E: Opportunities for recreation and access to public lands and waters are protected and enhanced.		Access, Water Trails
			Number of Visitations & People Who Use Coastal Areas
			Number of Tourists to Coastal Regions
			Water Access Number & Location

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Step 2: Develop system level model for goal attainment

Ecological management actions (stressor mitigation) can impact multiple ecosystem endpoints

Multiple stressors (including other endpoints) impact directly and indirectly ecosystem endpoints







Outcome: Nutrients and pathogens do not harm the species that depend on the waters

- Biological Factors
 - Fauna
 - Flora
 - Microorganisms
 - pathogen source control
 - human (wastewater)
 - animal (pasture, CAFO manure management)
 - wildlife population (?)
- Physical Factors
 - Structure
 - Hydrology





Outcome: Nutrients and pathogens do not harm the species that depend on the waters

- **Chemical Factors**
 - Salinity
 - *pH*
 - Nutrients
 - Load controls for nitrogen and phosphorus (air deposition, runoff, groundwater, point source)
- Human Factors
 - Use objectives
 - Management of agricultural pollutant sources
 - Management of developed land pollutant sources (stormwater)
 - Water body use designation (WQ standard development)
 - Modification of system
 - Land-use management (particularly riparian lands)
 - Knowledge



- Technical understanding of Contaminant Management Strategies to meet WQ standards
- Public appreciation of risks and need for management
- Policy appreciation of regulatory needs



Step 3: Assess current management efforts -identify gaps

- Directed by conceptual models
 - Survey of partners' strategic/action plans
 - Specificity and publication date
 - Action extraction
 - Align with APNEP outcomes/strategies
- Interview senior management

abemarle-Pamiles

North Carolina Department of **Environment and Natural Resources**



North Carolina Wildlife Action Plan





Virginia Outdoors Plan Charting the Course Virginia's Outdoor



Conservation Action Plan November 2005

_The Nature 🚱



Step 4: Develop management strategy

- Stakeholder Questions
- Management Objectives
- Actions with Partner Responsibilities
- APNEP Management Conference Review
- Public and Partner Input
- CCMP Publication



Step 5: Develop monitoring program

- Linking candidate indicators to CCMP outcomes
- Indicator-specific monitoring strategies
 - Justification for indicator
 - Goal of sampling/monitoring program
 - Existing sampling/monitoring program
 - Enhanced sampling/monitoring program
 - Reference(s)



Integrated monitoring strategy



Step 6: Assess performance

- "Interim" regional ecosystem assessment (2012)
 - Select provisional indicators
 - Status & trends from 1995 to present
 - Heinz Center format
- Phase 2 assessment (2013?)
 - Diagnosis
- Phase 3 assessment (2014?)
 - Forecasting



Measuring the Lands, Waters, and Living Resources of the United States

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Step 7: Manage adaptively

- Most difficult step?
- Senior management engagement
- Trigger levels in plan



