APNEP Water Resources Monitoring Workshop

Develop a monitoring strategy for Water Resource metrics within the APNEP region

Regional ecosystem test module

Metric-specific monitoring proposals



APNEP Background

- APNEP staff adopt indicators/metrics in December 2007
- Plan in 2008 to develop an integrated monitoring strategy for those indicators
- In concert with APNEP revising its Comprehensive Conservation & Management Plan (CCMP) in 2009
- "Living Aquatic Resources" goal first, monitoring design development address LAR indicators first





- NC-NERR
- NC-DWR
- NC-DWQ
- NC-DSWC
- NC-DFR
- NC-DEH (2)
- APNEP (2)

- **USGS (2)**
- NPS
- NOAA
- FWS
- EPA

Water Resources Monitoring Workshop Invitees

Ecosystem-Based Management

Tenet: EBM improves natural resource management by forging more effective political connections among humans, nature, science, and government.*

 Alternative terminology: Landscape-Based Management



*Cortner & Moote. 1999. The Politics of Ecosystem Management. Page 1.

Information to Evaluate Natural Resource Policy

- Evaluation of the impact of conservation policy intervention lags other policy fields
- Paucity of data on the response of the species to which the intervention is targeted
- Poor understanding of the cost effectiveness of the relevant policy instruments
- Reduced opportunities for policy improvement



Exposure of policy to criticism

APNEP Accepts Challenge?

- How can today's operational systems for monitoring and reporting on environmental and social conditions be integrated or extended to provide more useful guidance for efforts to navigate a transition toward sustainability?
- How can today's relatively independent activities of research planning, monitoring, assessment, and decision support be better integrated into systems for adaptive management and societal learning?



Source: Kates et al. 2000. Sustainability science. Science 292(5517):641-642.

APNEP Ecosystem Assessment

- Who will contribute?
 - APNEP federal, state, local partners
- What will the assessment contain?
 - Timely technical information within a decision support system to help answer seven policybased questions: magnitude, extent, trend, cause, source, risk, and solutions



When is the target date for the DSS?
 ASAP! Last assessment was 1991

APNEP Ecosystem Assessment

- Where are the areas to be assessed?
 - Region and sub-regions
- Why will the assessment be developed?
 - To support the APNEP-CCMP, NC-CHPP, NC/VA basinwide planning
 - To evaluate restoration success, APNEP must have a reliable pre-restoration baseline for ecosystem condition
- How will the assessment be constructed?



Plan and implement a regional ecosystem assessment infrastructure. The "engine" of this infrastructure would be a long-term ambient monitoring program.

Spatial Assessment Continuum

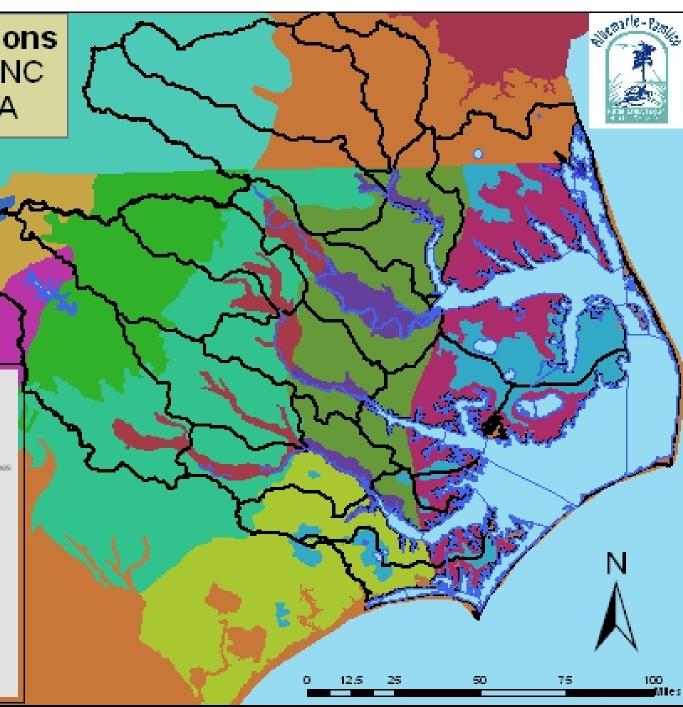
- Global
- Sub Global: North America
- Regional: South Atlantic Large Marine Ecosystem
- Basin: APES
- Watershed
- Local



APNEP Ecoregions EPA Level IV in NC and TNC in VA

Legend

BPAINC Econ egionis Girol ina Flatwoods Carolina Slate Balt Geolinian Barrier Islands and Coastal Marshes Chesapeake-Pamilico Lowlands and Tidial Marshes Mid -Atlan tic Flatwood s Md-Atlantic Floodplains and Low Terraces Northern Outer Piedmont Rolling Coastal Plain. Southeastern Floodolains and Low Terraces Southerin Outer Piedmont Swamps and Peatlands Fiarsic Basins Virginian Barrier Islands and Coastal Marshes TNC Econogians Chesapeake Bay Lowlands Mid-Atlantic Coastal Plaim Piedmont -Sub-Basins.



Temporal Assessment Continuum

Century
Decade
Annual
Monthly
Daily



Governance Assessment Continuum

Global

- National
- Regional: North Carolina and Virginia
- State
- County

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Municipalities

Ecosystem Science

Tenet: Integrated and comprehensive nature of ecosystem science is critical to ecosystem management at the landscape scale.



Cortner & Moote. 1999. The Politics of Ecosystem Management. Page 25.

EPA Indicator Development for Estuaries

- Program Planning
- Conceptual Model Development
- Indicator Specification
- Monitoring Program Development
- Implementation
- Reassessment

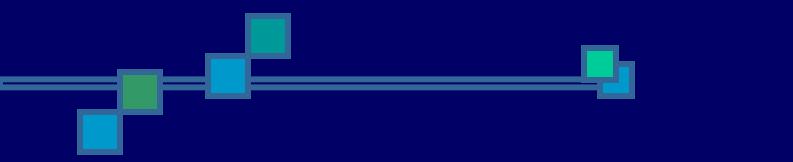


Regional Ecosystem

Model







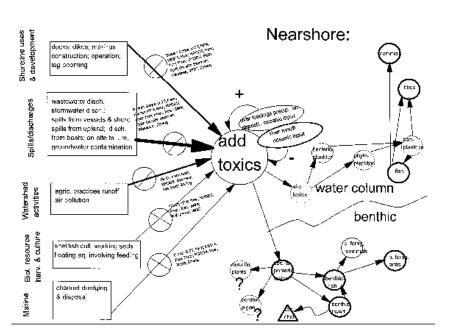
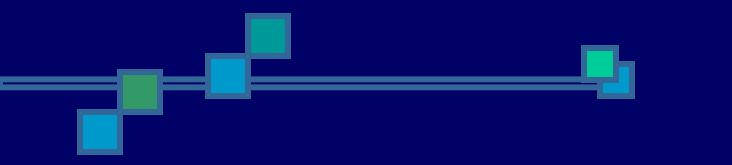


Figure 3. Stresser-based concepted sub-madel for toxics in the nearshore environment Weighting of line around ecosystem component circles indicates amount d monitoring data available







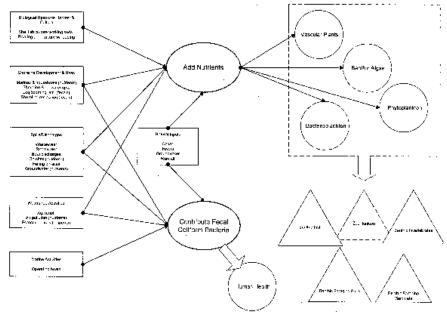


Figure 6. Conceptual model of nutrient and pathogen stresses in Puget Sound.





APNEP Indicator Definition

"A numerical value derived from actual measurements of a pressure, state or ambient condition, exposure, ecological condition, or measure of human health or wellbeing over a specified geographic domain, whose trends over time represent or draw attention to underlying trends in the condition of the environment in the A-P region."



APNEP Indicator Criteria

- Utilization: Address a key process or property, and answers (or makes an important contribution toward answering) an important question about conditions in the A-P region
- Objectivity: Developed and presented in an accurate, clear, complete, and unbiased manner
- Integrity: Underlying data should be characterized by sound collection methodologies and data management systems adequate to protect its integrity, and to comply with quality assurance procedures
- Availability: Data should be available and timely, or will likely be available in the future, to maintain the indicator's utility
- Representation: Trends should accurately represent the underlying trends in the target population
- Clarity: The indicator should be clearly defined and reproducible. The specific data used and the specific assumptions, analytical methods, and statistical procedures employed are clearly stated



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		A-P INDICATORS: LINKS TO REGIONAL ECOSYSTEM MODEL					
R.R. a. daylor	Catalina	Dimension	In dia séra	COMD In dis star	CTAC Indiantes	ACC Indiantas	ACE INC Indiantes
Module	Category	Dimension	Indicator	CCMP Indicator	STAC Indicator	ASC Indicator	ACE-INC Indicator
1: Human Population							
	Regional Population				Demographic Structure		
		Human Presence	Total population in basin		Human Presence		
		Human Urban					
			Total urban population		Human Presence		
		Population by demographic class			Demographic Structure		
		Localized population change			Human Presence		
		Human waste production					
2: Human Needs							
	Food						
	Water						
		Drinking water uses					
		Water supply infrastructure					
	Fiber						
		Housing			Housing Price & Affordability		
	Fuel	_					
		Energy supply infrastructure					
	Health						
	Economy						
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APNEP Objectives-Metrics Hierarchy

Modules
Categories
Dimensions
Metrics



Water Quality & Hydrological: I Water Quality Threats (Load) Atmospheric Deposition See Air Quality & Atmospheric Process Module Loading: Nutrients Nutrient Loading from Land: Nitrogen/ Phosphorus Loading: Oxygen-Depleting Substances Loads Versus Assimilative Capacity Loading: Sediment Sediment Loads Loading: Toxicants Toxicant Loads **Tissue Concentrations**



Water Quality & Hydrological: II-a

Surface Water Quality (In Column)

Water Quality Degradation

- Amount and Extent of Impaired Waters
- Water Quality Standard Violations
- Acute Water Quality Problem Sites
- Water Quality in High-Value Sites
 - Water Quality in Nursery Areas
 - Water Quality in SAV Habitats and Shellfish Waters
- Nutrient Sensitive Waters
 - Nutrient Concentrations in Nutrient Sensitive Waters



Water Quality & Hydrological: II-b

Surface Water Quality (In Column)

- Physical Contaminants
 - Dissolved Oxygen Standard Violations
 - Sediment Standard Violations
 - Salinity Concentration
 - Estuarine Debris
 - Underwater Acoustics
- Algae
 - Chlorophyll-a Concentration
- Pathogens
 - Shellfish and Swimming Area Closures
- Toxicants
 - Toxicant Standards Violations
 - Metals Standards Violations
- Emerging Contaminants
 - Nanoparticles
 - Personal Care and Pharmaceutical By-Products



Water Quality & Hydrological: III

Ground Water Quality
 Water Quality Degradation
 TBD
 Physical Contaminants
 TBD

- Pathogens
 - TBD
- Toxicants
 - TBD
- Emerging ContaminantsTBD



Water Quality & Hydrological: IV

Sediment Quality
 Sediment Toxicants
 Sediment Criteria Exceedances
 Sediment Nutrients

Sediment Nutrient Concentration



Land Cover: I

Cover Type Extent
 Regional Coverage
 Area by Land Cover Class



Land Cover: II

Spatial Relationships
 Connectivity

 Landscape Connectivity Index

 Patchiness

 Landscape Complexity Index
 Proximity
 Landscape Proximity Index



Land Cover: III & IV



Shoreline/Beach Width: SLR & Inundation Frequency



Materials Balances: I & II

Water

- Mainstem Hydrograph
 - Flows
 - Severity, Frequency, Duration of Droughts & Floods
- Sounds Water Balance
 - Estuarine Residence Time
- Ground Water Levels
 - Ground Water Levels

Carbon

- Carbon Emissions
 - Carbon Emissions by Sector
- Sequestered Carbon
 - Stored Carbon by Ecosystem Component



Materials Balances: III & IV

Nutrients

- Nitrogen
 - Nitrogen Cycle Condition
 - Airborne Delivery of Fixed Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
 - Phosphorus Cycle Condition
- Sulfur
 - Sulfur Cycle Condition
- Sediment
 - Soil
 - Prevalence of Highly Eroded Lands
 - Sedimentation
 - TBD



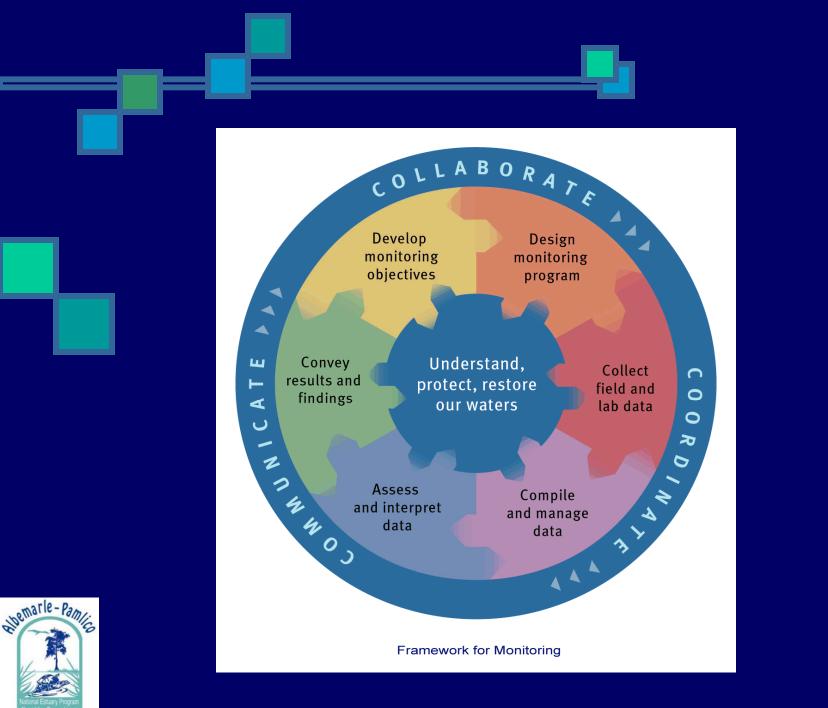
Materials Balances: V

Toxicants

Metals Contaminants

- Mercury Deposition
- Mercury Prevalence in Biota
- Non-Metals Contaminants
 - Toxicant (TBD) Discharges
 - Toxicant (TBD) Prevalence in Biota







NEP Monitoring Plan Outline

- Define monitoring objectives & performance criteria
- Identify testable hypotheses
- Specify monitoring variables, including sampling locations, monitoring frequency, field and laboratory methods and QA/QC procedures
- Specify data management system and statistical tests to analyze the monitoring data
- Describe the expected performance of the initial sampling design
- Provide a timetable for analyzing data and assessing program performance



Initial APNEP Indicator-Metric Proposal

- Monitoring objective
- Measurable goals
- Data quality objectives
- Data analysis, statistical methods and hypothesis
- Data Source



APNEP Indicator-Metric Proposal

- Introduction
- Monitoring objective under present sampling program
- Existing program costs
- Monitoring objectives under enhanced sampling program
- Estimated minor enhancement costs
- Estimated major enhancement costs
- Measurable goal
- Data quality objectives under present sampling program
- Data quality objectives under enhanced sampling program
- Data analysis, statistical methods and hypothesis
- Data Sources
- Reference(s)
- Contact Person



A-P Ambient Monitoring Program

Precise goals and specific measures for monitoring policy effectiveness should be designed and tested at the time that a policy is implemented

Status Quo: APNEP 2000 monitoring survey update



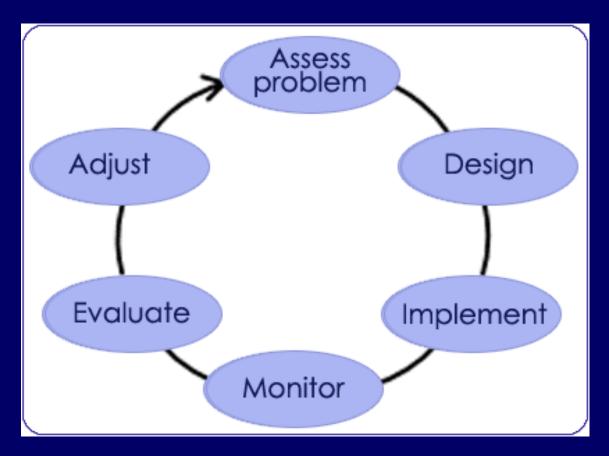
Monitoring Integration Continuum

- Independence: Knowledge of partners monitoring strategies
- Cooperation: Taking advantage of common geography, timing
- Collaboration: Opportunities to leverage partners' monitoring networks



Integration: Working toward a common set of regional ecosystem objectives

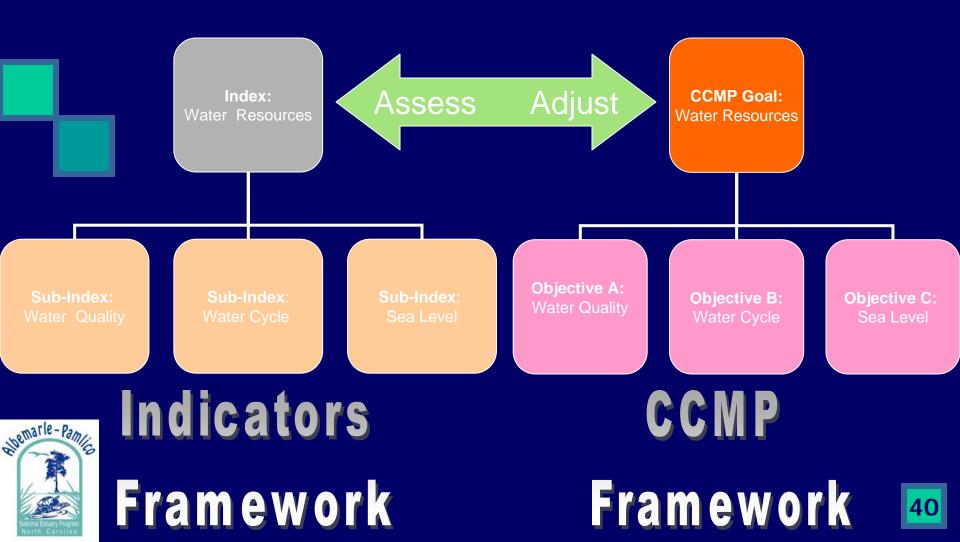
APNEP CCMP 2009 - ?: A New Paradigm of *Adaptive* Ecosystem Management





Source: Department of the Interior at www.doi.gov/.../AdaptiveManagement/whatis.html

An Integrated Framework



Regional Ecosystem Goods

- Food for humans and animals (e.g., fish, shellfish, seagrasses, livestock, grains)
- Salt
- Minerals and oil resources
- Construction materials (e.g., sand, rock, coral, lime, wood)
- Biodiversity (e.g., genetic stock for biotechnology, medicinal)



Regional Ecosystem Services

- Shoreline protection (e.g., storms, erosion)
- Storing and cycling nutrients
- Biodiversity
- Water quality
- Recreation
- Tourism
- River and marine transport



DSS Construction Phase I

- Initial Objective: An integrated GIS environmental database portal
- IT Objective: Spatially-enabled content management system
 - First compilation: NC-DENR- and VA-DEQ/DCR/DFG/DF- sponsored environmental data
 - Second compilation: environmental databases from other North Carolina and Virginia agencies
 - Third compilation: federal, university (non-DENR funded), local databases



DSS = Digital Basin (Landscape)

- Ecosystem State
 - Land Cover
 - Material Balance
 - Atmospheric
 - Water Quality
 - Living Aquatic Resources
 - Wetlands
 - Terrestrial
 - Species Introductions & Removals

Human Dimensions

Management Actions



