

APNEP's Progress and Plans for Implementing Ecosystem-Based Management

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Policy Board and Science & Technical Advisory Joint Meeting

Greenville Centre, East Carolina University

24 February 2017



APNEP's Transition to Ecosystem-Based Management

- A **holistic vision and plan** that includes a comprehensive description of the A-P system and articulation of multiple management objectives.
- A community that has **effective engagement** of policy makers, managers, scientists, & stakeholders.
- A process that includes effective **adaptive management** to address a changing system.
- A **framework** that includes appropriate authority, implementation area, management institutions, financial resources, and effective communications.



APNEP EBM Transition Team

Policy Board
Science & Technical
Advisory Committee
Citizens Advisory
Committee
State Planner
Federal Planner
EBM Tech Transfer
Staff



Step 1: Articulate program goals

- Objectives Hierarchy Structure
 - Goal-Objective-Management Action-Step (1994)
 - Goal-Subgoal-Objective-Management Action (2008-2010)
 - Goal-Outcome + Component-Objective-Action (2012)
- Objectives Hierarchy Content
 - Five Goals, 15 Objectives, 49 Actions (1994)
 - Three Goals, 12 Outcomes + 5 Components, 15 Objectives, 58 Actions (2012)



APNEP's Ecosystem Health Goals

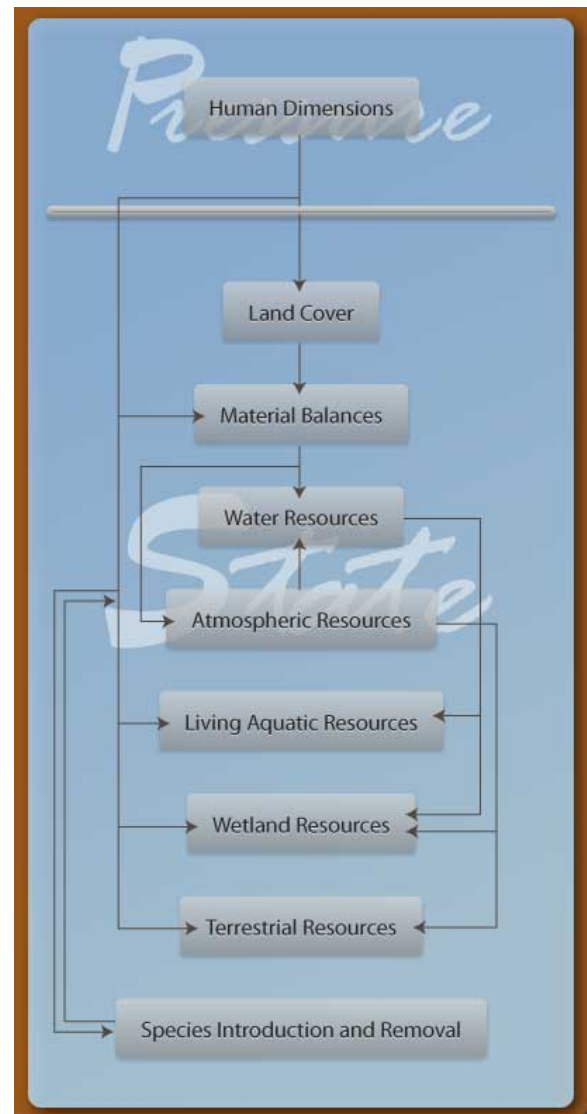
- A region where **human communities** are sustained by a functioning ecosystem
- A region where aquatic, wetland, and upland habitats support viable populations of **native species**
- A region where **water** quantity and quality maintain ecological integrity



Step 2: Develop system level model for goal attainment

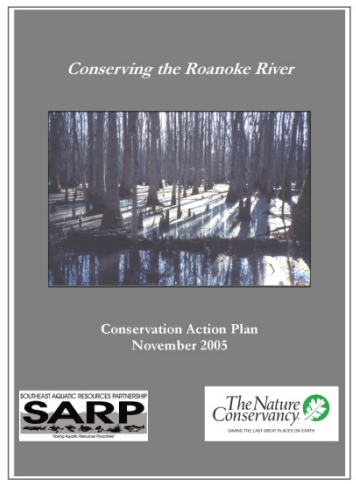
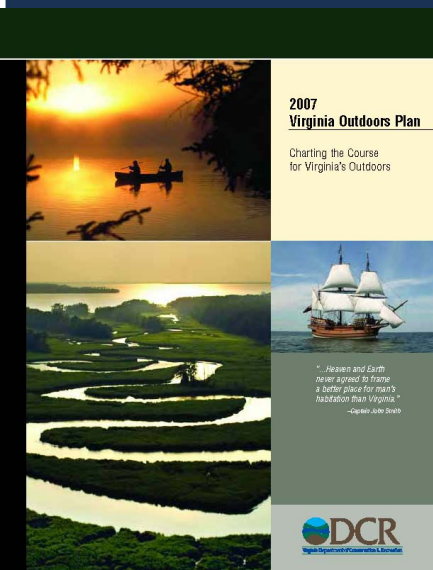
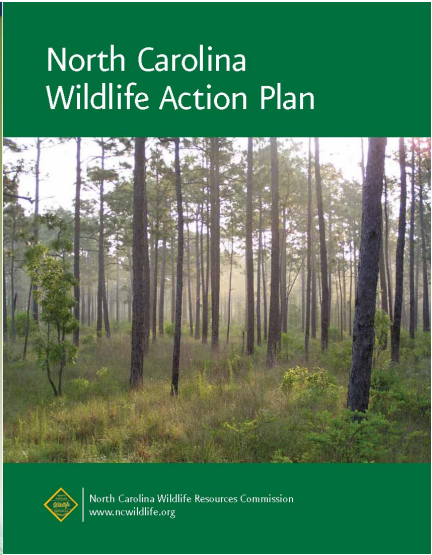
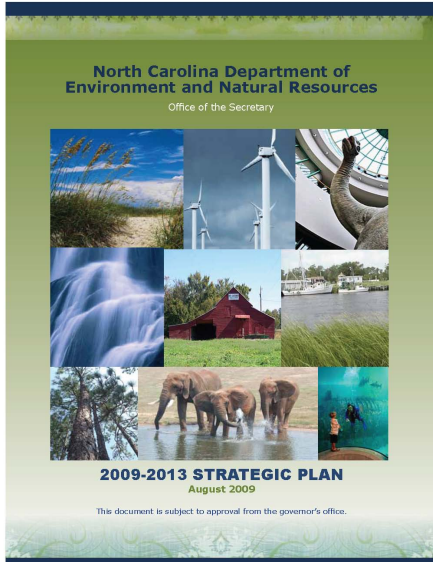
Ecological management actions (stressor mitigation) can impact multiple ecosystem endpoints

Multiple stressors (including other endpoints) impact directly and indirectly ecosystem endpoints



Step 3: Assess current management efforts –identify gaps

- Directed by conceptual models
- Survey of partners' strategic/action plans
 - Specificity and publication date
 - Action extraction
 - Align with APNEP outcomes/strategies
- Interview senior management



Step 4: Implement CCMP

- Fourth CCMP question
- Ten-year horizon
- **58 CCMP actions**
- Super-Aggregated into five components
- Aggregated into 15 CCMP objectives



2b. The extent and quality of upland, freshwater, estuarine and near-shore marine habitats fully support biodiversity and ecosystem function

Outcomes	Actions				Action Teams	
1a	A1.1	B1.1	C1.1	D1.1	E1.1	Freshwater Habitats and Fish Passage
1b	A1.2	B1.2	C1.2	D1.2	E1.2	Policy & Economics
1c	A2.1	B1.3	C1.3	D1.3	E1.3	Decision Support Tools
1d	A2.2	B1.4	C1.4	D1.4	E2.1	Education & Engagement
1e	A2.3	B1.5	C1.5	D1.5	E2.2	Water Quality Improvements
2a	A2.4	B2.1	C2.1	D2.1		Shorelines
2b	A2.5	B2.2	C2.2	D2.2		Contaminant Management
2c	A3.1	B2.3	C2.3	D2.3		Invasives
3a	A3.2	B2.4	C3.1	D3.1		Restoration Strategies
3b	A3.3	B2.5	C3.2	D3.2		Monitoring Networks
3c		B2.6	C3.3	D3.3		Oysters
3d		B3.1	C4.1			SAV
		B3.2	C4.2			
		B3.3	C4.3			
			C4.4			
			C5.1			
			C5.2			
			C5.3			



Step 5: Develop monitoring program

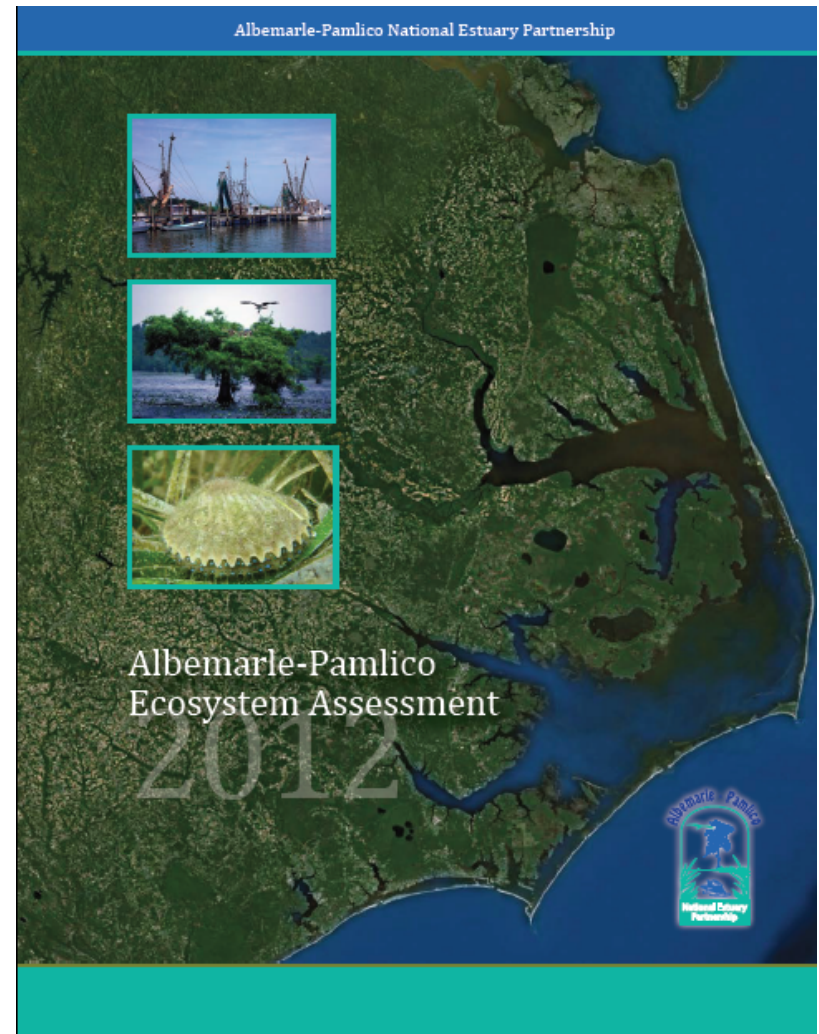
- Linking candidate indicators to CCMP outcomes
- Indicator-specific monitoring strategies
 - Justification for indicator
 - Goal of sampling/monitoring program
 - Existing sampling/monitoring program
 - Enhanced sampling/monitoring program
 - Reference(s)

Integrated monitoring strategy



Step 6: Assess performance

- “Interim” regional ecosystem assessment (2012)
 - Select provisional indicators
 - Status & trends from 1995 to present
 - Heinz Center format
- Phase 2 assessment
 - Diagnosis
- Phase 3 assessment
 - Forecasting



APNEP Ecosystem Assessment

Coasts, Sounds, Near Marine: Extent & Pattern

- *Phragmites australis*
 - Why Is the Extent of the Wetland Plant Species *Phragmites australis* Important?
 - What Will This Indicator Report?
 - What Do the Data Show?
 - Why Can't This Entire Indicator Be Reported at This Time?
 - Discussion
 - Technical Notes



Assessment Planning

- “The greatest challenge in developing a large-scale biogeographic assessment is the synthesis and subsequent analysis of spatial data collected at different scales for varied objectives.”

Source: NOAA 2003, citing Gotway and Young 2002

Bioregional Assessment Questions

- What were historic ecological, social, and economic conditions, trends, and variability?
- What are current ecological, social, and economic conditions?
- What are trends and risks under current policies and management?
- What policy choices will achieve ecological sustainability consistent with social well-being?
- What are the implications of these choices?

Source: Erman (1999)



Step 7: Manage adaptively

- Most difficult step?
- Senior management engagement
- Trigger levels in plan

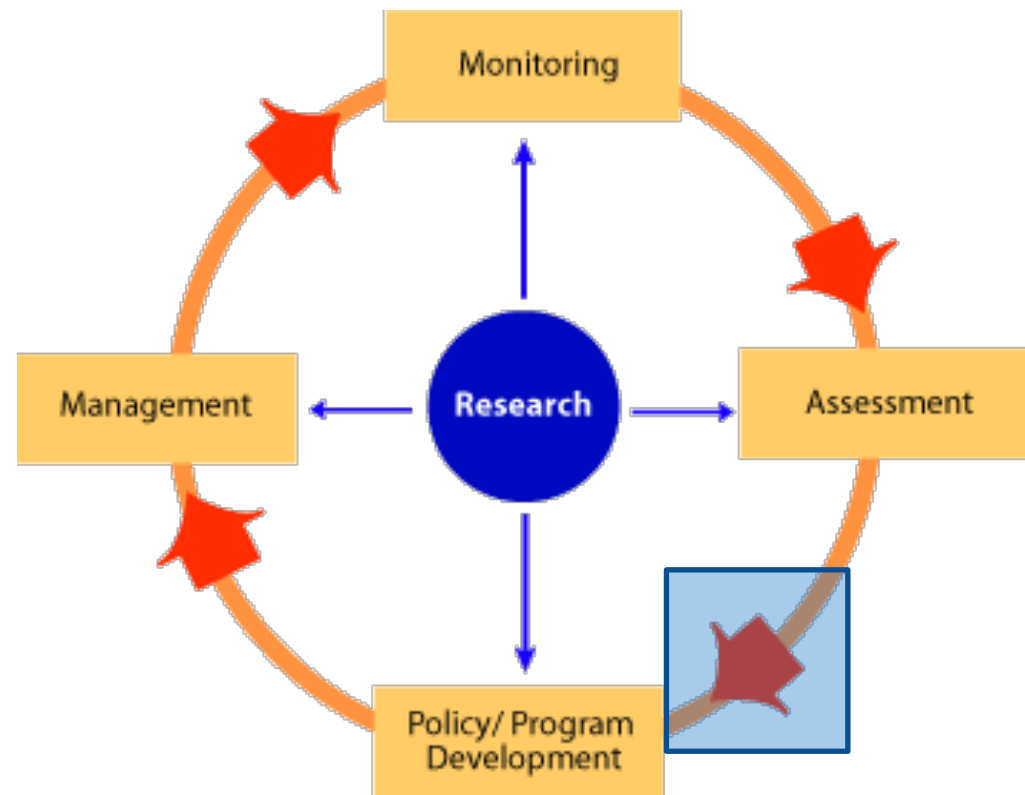
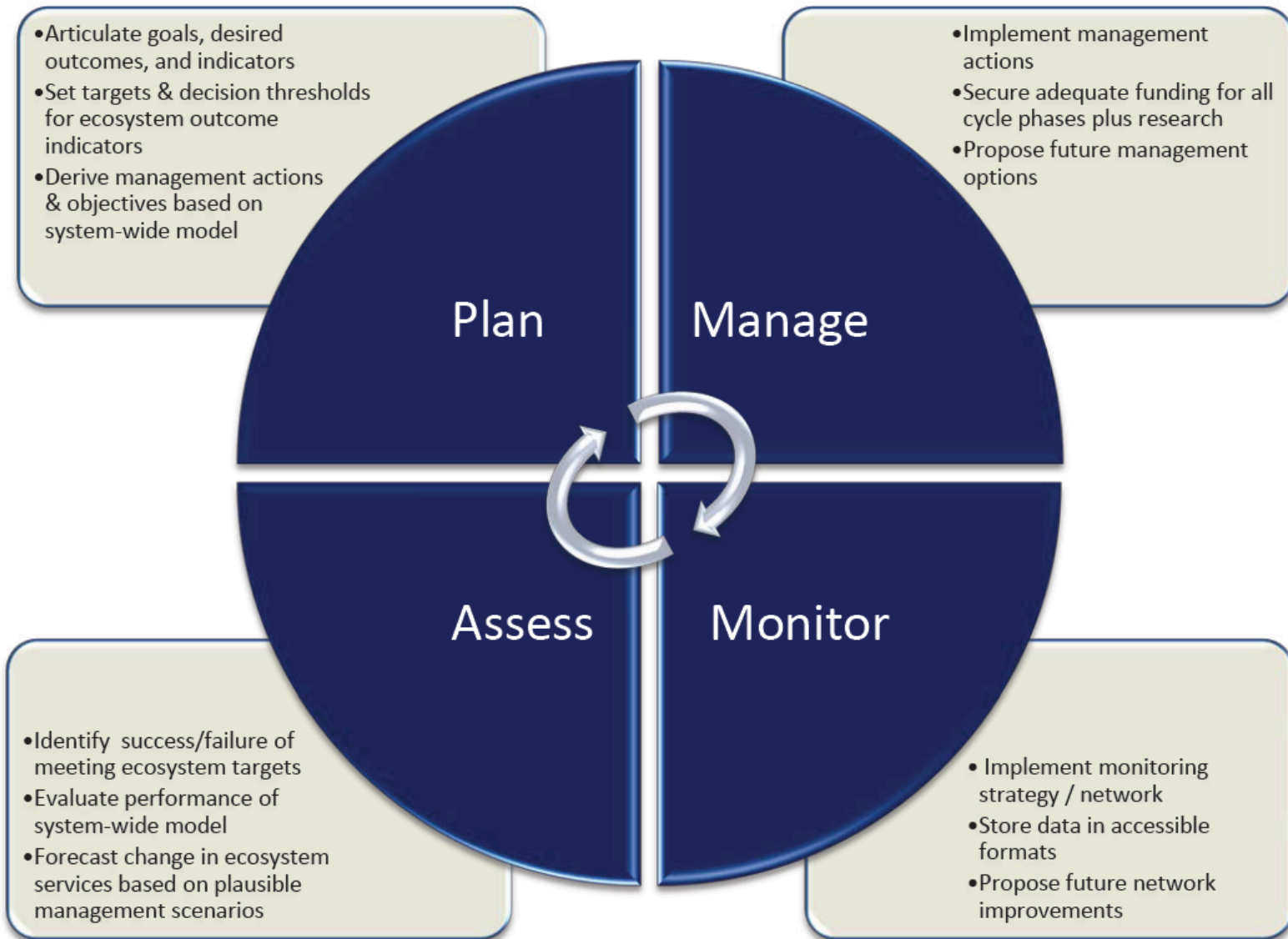


Figure 2: APNEP's adaptive management cycle.

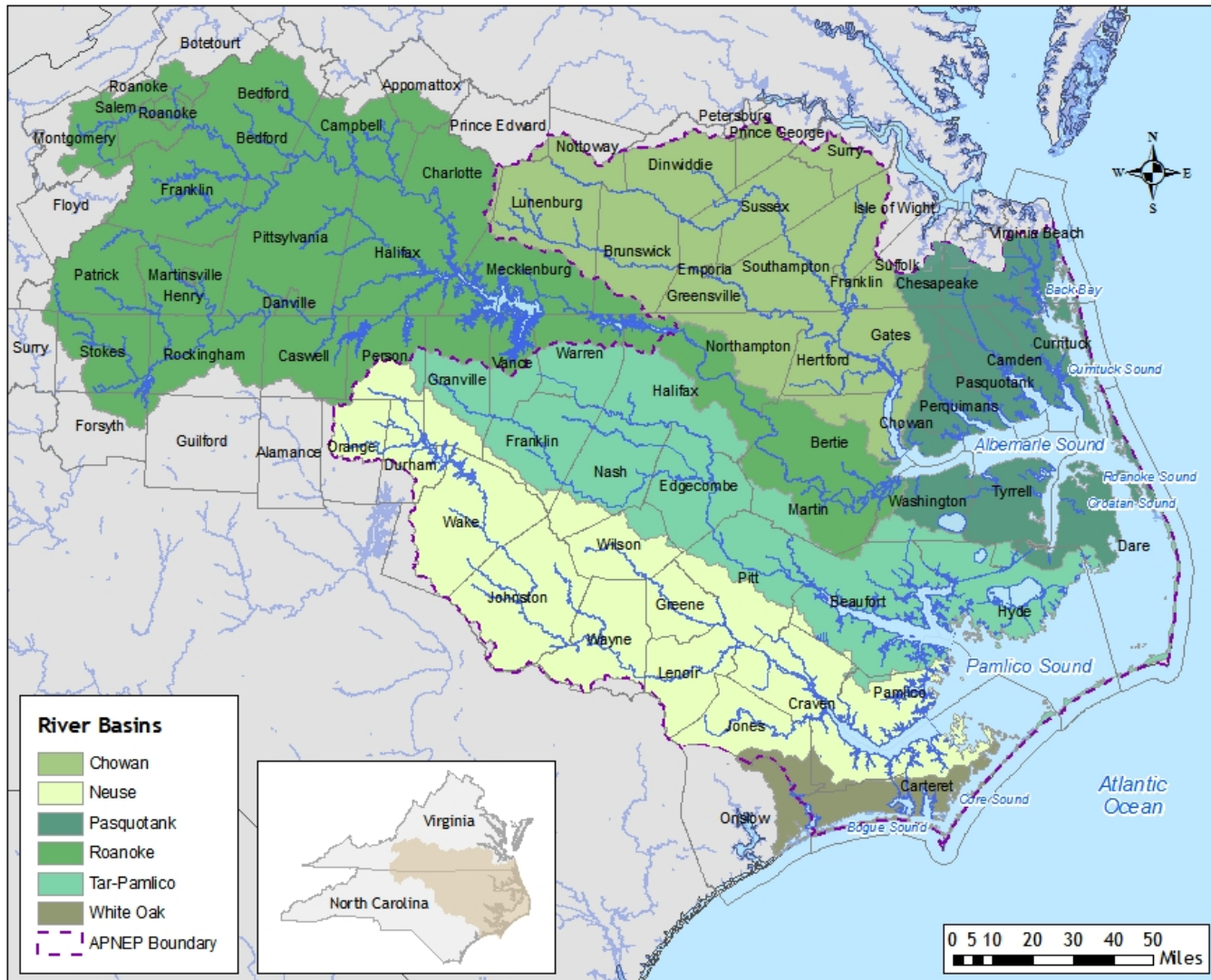


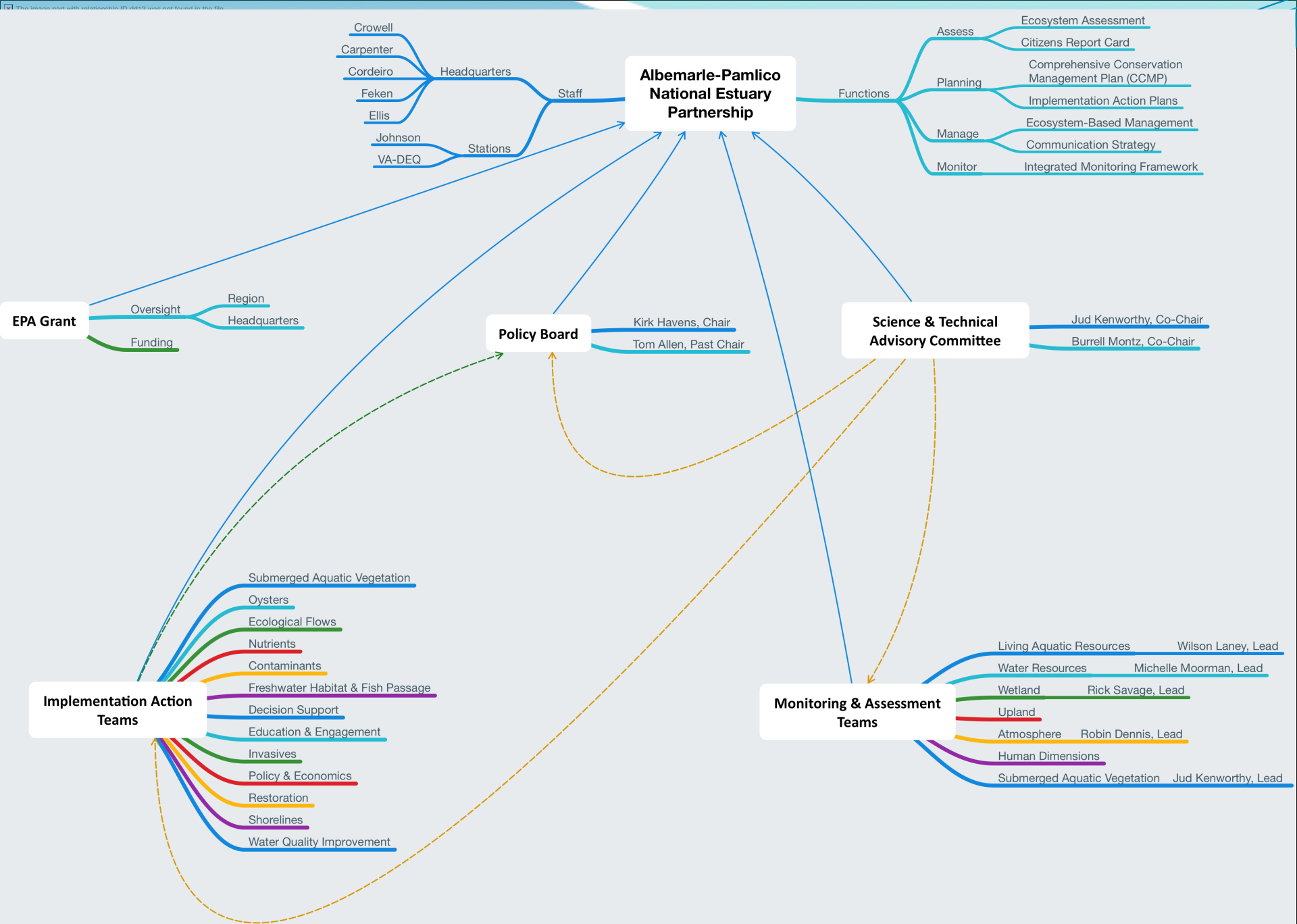
Indicator Planning Decisions

- **What indicator(s) map to each environmental outcome?**
- **What are the fair, good, and excellent health target values for each ecosystem outcome indicator?**
- **What is the expected trajectory of an indicator value, based on how CCMP actions are implemented?**
- **What is the “trigger” value for a given interval since action steps are implemented, outside of which means the system is not behaving as forecast and change in business (e.g., research, revised action step, partner commitment) is required?**



APNEP Implementation Area and Management Institutions





APNEP Deliverables 2017-2018

- Regional Ecosystem Assessment 1.1
- Comprehensive Conservation & Management Plan (CCMP) 2.1
 - Indicator Specification & Targets 1.1
 - Ecosystem-Based Management (EBM) Plan 1.1
- Action Team Implementation Plans 1.0
- Integrated Monitoring Strategy 1.0
 - Indicator Specification 1.1
- Regional Ecosystem Model 1.0



CCMP's Four Questions

- What is a **healthy** Albemarle-Pamlico Estuarine System?
- What is the **status** of Albemarle-Pamlico Estuarine System?
- What are the biggest **threats** to Albemarle-Pamlico Estuarine System?
- What **actions** should be taken that will move us from where we are today to a healthier Albemarle-Pamlico Sounds by 2022?



Goal 2: A region where aquatic, wetland, and upland habitats support viable populations of native species

Outcome 2A: The biodiversity, function, and populations of species in wetlands are protected, restored, or enhanced

Ecological Indicator: Wetland Bird Index

Waterbird Community Index
Shorebird Community Index

Ecosystem Taxa: Wetland Birds

Monitoring & Assessment Working Groups

Wetland Rick Savage, Lead

Stressor Indicators: Wetlands

Wetland Area
Invasive Species
Nest Predation
Hunting
Shoreline Hardening

Wetland Bird Factors

Management Indicator

Wetland Creation/Action
Invasive Species Control
Predator Control

Wetland Bird Actions

Implementation Action Teams

Invasives

Action Plan

Invasive Species Eradication Strategy in Sub-Basin

Management Interventions

Assessment

Evaluate Wetland Bird Trigger Agreement

Management Evaluations

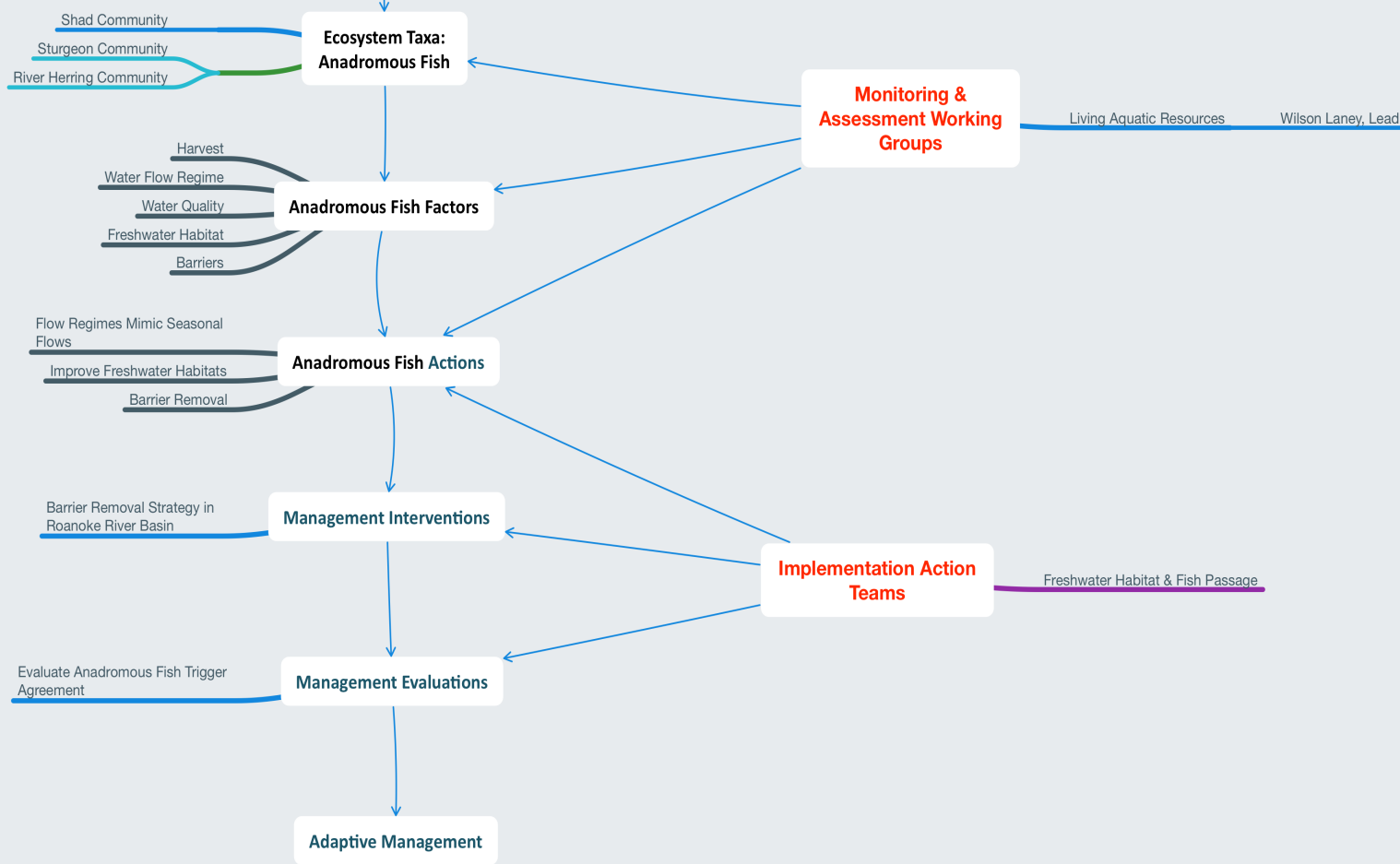
Adaptive Management

Record of Decision



Goal 2: A region where aquatic, wetland, and upland habitats support viable populations of native species

Outcome 2A: The biodiversity, function, and populations of species in aquatic habitats are protected, restored, or enhanced



Ecological Indicator:
Anadromous Fish Index

Stressor Indicators:
Wetlands

Management Indicator

Action Plan

Assessment

Record of Decision



On Course?

